

**Questionnaire about interpretation of EN 473:2008 (current edition)**

	Reference in EN 473:2008
01 Has your certification body established authorized qualification bodies? If yes, by which process and do you have specifications that they have to apply?	5.2.2
02 Does the certification body publish specifications for training courses that are in accordance with the syllabus content of CEN ISO/TR 25107? If yes, what do they cover?	6.2, 1 <sup>st</sup> par.
03 Is your stated training duration in accordance with EN 473/ ISO 9712 or ISO/TR 25107? If differ, could you provide the applicable table?	6.2 Table 2
04 Do you verify that the candidate has adequate mathematical skills and prior knowledge of materials and processes? If yes, who verifies this and how do you require a record of the verification?	6.2, 5 <sup>th</sup> par.
05 How does certification body define the minimum experience time prior to examination (percentage of the total requirement)?	6.3.2, 1st par.
06 Does the certification body permit any reduction in the training duration? If yes, what is the applied process and is this process documented?	Table 2, Notes c to g
07 Does the certification body permit any reduction in the duration of industrial experience? If yes, what is the applied process and is this process documented?	Table 3, Notes c to f
08 Is Note d absolutely clearly defined by the certification body? Could you provide us with an example for a Level II/MT, UT and RT?	Table 3, Note d
09 Which sectors have been created by the certification body (product and/or industrial sectors)? Are there minimum requirements for creating a sector and are they documented? Could you provide a list of the sectors and their content according with annex A which you provide certification for?	Annex A
10 How many specimens are tested in a product sector, per method and level?	Annex B
11 How many specimens are tested in an industrial sector, per method and level? What types of specimens are used?	Annex B

12	How does certification body determine that a discontinuity is "mandatory to report"? Do you impose a "minimum" number of discontinuities per specimen, and do you define their "characteristics"? How many mandatory reportable discontinuities, on average, are in each specimen?	Table D1, Note 1
13	How does question 12 apply in the case of RT?	Table D1, Note 1
14	How many examiners are involved in the Level 3 examination?	7.4.5
15	Can the certification body indicate its average pass rate (for 1 <sup>st</sup> certification) for Level 1, II and III?	-
16	What is the ratio in percentage between written examination and structured credit system for Level 3 recertification?	—
17	Does the certification body select specific questions in function of the applicable sector? How do you handle the case of limited application? In the case of multi sectors, do you have a process for selecting questions in order to cover each relevant sector?	7.2.2.3/7.2.2.4
18	Is there a place on the certificate or wallet card for employer authorization?	8.2
19	12 or 24 radiographs are considered as one specimen. How do you handle this requirement, and does the failure to report ,a mandatory defect in ONE radiograph cause the candidate to score zero only for this radiograph or for the specimen (set of radiographs)?	Table B1, last note
20	The industrial sector "pre and in-service testing" requires 2 sets of radiographs (24 radiographs). Do you require that the two sets of radiographs cover two different products?	Table B1
21	Does the certification body define who can be responsible for the verification of satisfactory vision test? Do you require a specific qualification for this task? If yes, which?	6.4
22	Does the certification body permit the application of "further training" before recertification? Do you have specific rules and are they documented?	7.5.2
23	For renewal EN 473 requires that the application be presented within 6 months before expiry of the certificate, but says nothing for recertification. Do you have specific rules for this and are they documented?	9.3/10.4